

INEQUALITIES

- OBJECTIVES:** 1) Solve inequalities and compound inequalities.
2) Solve absolute value inequalities.

COMPOUND INEQUALITIES

Solve for x.

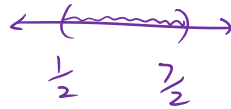
1. $-\frac{3}{4} < \frac{2-x}{2} < \frac{3}{4}$ *mult. by 4*

$$-3 < 2(2-x) < 3$$

$$-3 < 4 - 2x < 3$$

$$-7 < -2x < -1$$

$$\frac{7}{2} > x > \frac{1}{2}$$



ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES

Less Than AND: $|x| < 1$

$$x < 1 \text{ \& } -(x) < 1$$

$$x > -1$$

Greater OR: $|x| \geq 1$

$$x \geq 1 \text{ or } -(x) \geq 1$$

$$x \leq -1$$

2) $|x - 5| \leq 2$

$$x - 5 \leq 2 \text{ and } -(x - 5) \leq 2$$

$$x - 5 \geq -2$$

$$x \leq 7 \text{ and } x \geq 3$$



3) $\left|2 - \frac{x}{3}\right| > 5$

$$2 - \frac{x}{3} > 5 \text{ or } -\left(2 - \frac{x}{3}\right) > 5$$

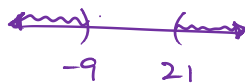
$$-\frac{x}{3} > 3$$

$$x < -9$$

$$2 - \frac{x}{3} < -5$$

$$-\frac{x}{3} < -7$$

$$x > 21$$



4) $\left|\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{x-3}{3}\right| < 1$

$$\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{x-3}{2} < 1$$

$$\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{2(x-3)}{4} < 1$$

$$\frac{x+2-2x+6}{4} < 1$$

$$\frac{-x+8}{4} < 1$$

$$-x < -4$$

$$\boxed{x > 4} \text{ and}$$

$$-\left(\frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{x-3}{2}\right) < 1$$

$$-\frac{(-x+8)}{4} < 1$$

$$\frac{-x+8}{4} > -1$$

$$-x+8 > -4$$

$$\boxed{x < 12}$$

