WRITING EQUATIONS OF LINES

UNLESS YOU'RE GIVEN THE SLOPE AND Y-INTERCEPT. USE POINT-SLOPE FORM FIRST!

- o Given slope and a point: Use point slope form, then convert
- o Given two points: find SLOPE! then use point-slope form.

USE THE GIVEN INFO TO WRITE A LINEAR EQUATION IN THE INDICATED FORM:

1) Passes through the point (5, -3) with slope $\frac{1}{2}$. (slope-intercept form)

$$y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 5)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{6}{2}$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{6}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{6}{2}$$

2) Passes through the point (-5, 6) with slope $-\frac{2}{3}$. (slope-intercept form)

$$y - 6 = -\frac{2}{3}(x + 5)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{18}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{18}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$$

3) Passes through the point (8, -3) with slope $\frac{1}{6}$. (standard form)

$$y + 3 = \frac{1}{6}(x - 8)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{6}x - \frac{4}{3} - \frac{9}{3} - \frac{13}{3} - \frac{13$$

YOU TRY:

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4) Passes through the point (5, -1) with slope $-\frac{1}{3}$. (standard form)

 $y + 1 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 5) \qquad y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3} \qquad x + 3y = 2$ $y + 1 = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{5}{3} \qquad \frac{1}{3}x + y = \frac{2}{3}$ $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{5}{3} - \frac{3}{3}$

3.4 Notes Day 3 GIVEN TWO POINTS

5) Has an x intercept of -3 and a y intercept of 4. (slope-intercept form)

YOU TRY:

6) Passes through the point (2, -1) and has a y-intercept of 3. (slope-intercept form)

$$(2,-1)$$
 $(0,3)$ e yint
Find slope: $\frac{3--1}{0-2} = \frac{4}{-2} = -2$ $y = -2x + 3$

7) Passes through the points (2, 4) and (-5, 6). (standard form)

YOU TRY:

8) Passes through the points (3, 11) and (-6, 5). (standard form)

Find slope:
$$\frac{11-5}{3^{-6}-6} = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

 $y-11 = \frac{2}{3}(x-3)$
 $y-11 = \frac{2}{3}x-2$
 $y = \frac{2}{3}x+9$