

(PART 1) SUM-TO-PRODUCT FORMULAS

OBJECTIVES: 1) Use the sum-to-product/product-to-sum formulas to rewrite an expression.

THE SUM-TO-PRODUCT/PRODUCT-TO-SUM FORMULAS

$$\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B) = 2\sin A \cos B$$

$$\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B) = 2\cos A \cos B$$

$$\sin(A+B) - \sin(A-B) = 2\cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A+B) - \cos(A-B) = -2\sin A \sin B$$

*These formulas are proven in Part 8 of your Prove It Notes.

USING THE SUM TO PRODUCT FORMULAS

- 1) Rewrite the product, $\sin 4\theta \sin 3\theta$, as a sum/difference.

use $\cos(A+B) - \cos(A-B) = -2\sin A \sin B$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 4\theta \sin 3\theta &= -\frac{1}{2} (\cos(4\theta + 3\theta) - \cos(4\theta - 3\theta)) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} (\cos 7\theta - \cos \theta) \end{aligned}$$

- 2) Rewrite the product, $\cos 3\theta \cos 5\theta$, as a sum/difference.

use $\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B) = 2\cos A \cos B$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} (\cos(3\theta + 5\theta) + \cos(3\theta - 5\theta)) &= \cos 3\theta \cos 5\theta \\ \frac{1}{2} (\cos(8\theta) + \cos(-2\theta)) & \\ \frac{1}{2} (\cos(8\theta) + \cos(2\theta)) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos 5\theta \cos 3\theta = \frac{1}{2} (\cos 8\theta + \cos 2\theta)$$

OR!

- 3) Rewrite the product, $\cos 2\theta \sin 6\theta$, as a sum/difference.

$\sin 6\theta \cos 2\theta$

use $\sin(A+B) + \sin(A-B) = 2\sin A \cos B$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} (\sin(6\theta + 2\theta) + \sin(6\theta - 2\theta)) &= \sin 6\theta \cos 2\theta \\ \frac{1}{2} (\sin 8\theta + \sin 4\theta) &= \sin 6\theta \cos 2\theta \end{aligned}$$

OR

use $\sin(A+B) - \sin(A-B) = 2\cos A \sin B$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\sin(2\theta + 6\theta) - \sin(2\theta - 6\theta)) = \cos 2\theta \sin 6\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\sin 8\theta - \sin(-4\theta)) = \cos 2\theta \sin 6\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\sin 8\theta + \sin 4\theta) = \cos 2\theta \sin 6\theta$$

4) Rewrite the sum, $\cos 11\theta + \cos 3\theta$, as product.

$$\text{use } \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B) = 2\cos A \cos B$$

$$(A+B) + (A-B) = 2A$$

$$(A+B) - (A-B) = 2B$$

$$11\theta + 3\theta = 2A$$

$$14\theta = 2A$$

$$A = 7\theta$$

$$11\theta - 3\theta = 2B$$

$$8\theta = 2B$$

$$B = 4\theta$$

$$\cos 11\theta + \cos 3\theta = 2\cos 7\theta \cos 4\theta$$

5) Rewrite the difference, $\sin 8\theta - \sin 2\theta$, as a product.

$$\text{use } \sin(A+B) - \sin(A-B) = 2\cos A \sin B$$

$$8\theta + 2\theta = 2A$$

$$A = 5\theta$$

$$8\theta - 2\theta = 2B$$

$$B = 3\theta$$

$$\sin 8\theta - \sin 2\theta = 2\cos 5\theta \sin 3\theta$$

6) Find the exact value of $\cos \frac{5\pi}{12} \sin \frac{\pi}{12}$.

$$\text{use } \sin(A+B) - \sin(A-B) = 2\cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos \frac{5\pi}{12} \sin \frac{\pi}{12} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}}$$

7) Find the exact value of $\sin 105^\circ \sin 15^\circ$.

use

$$\cos(A+B) - \cos(A-B) = -2\sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin 105^\circ \sin 15^\circ = -\frac{1}{2} (\cos 120^\circ - \cos 90^\circ)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} - 0 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$