

## 5.2 – GRAPHING QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS

### OBJECTIVES:

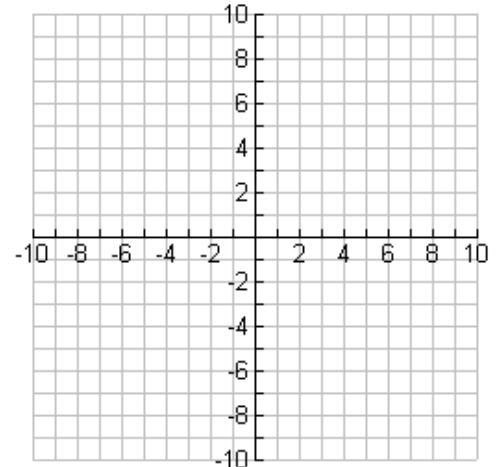
- 1) Graph quadratic functions using a table.
- 2) Graph quadratic functions using the vertex and symmetric points.
- 3) Given the vertex and point on the graph of a quadratic, find an additional point using symmetry.

### METHOD #1: GRAPHING FROM A TABLE

We already know how to do this from chapters 1 and 2. We will have to select values of  $x$  to plug into the function, but we may have to try many values in order to get a good “u shape”. Note – you can’t mess this method up, unless you don’t follow order of operations correctly!

1)  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 2$

x	f(x)



### METHOD #2: FINDING VERTEX AND USING SYMMETRY

2)  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 3$

Opens:

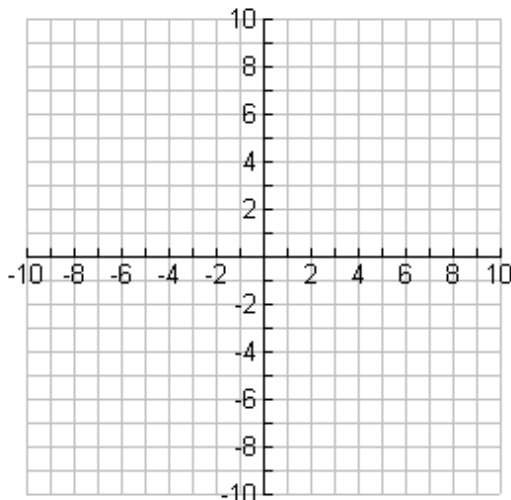
Axis of symmetry:

Stretch or shrink:

Vertex:

y int:

x int:



#### STANDARD FORM:

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

OPENS UP:

OPENS DOWN:

VERTEX:

AXIS OF SYMMETRY:



3)  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 8x - 2$

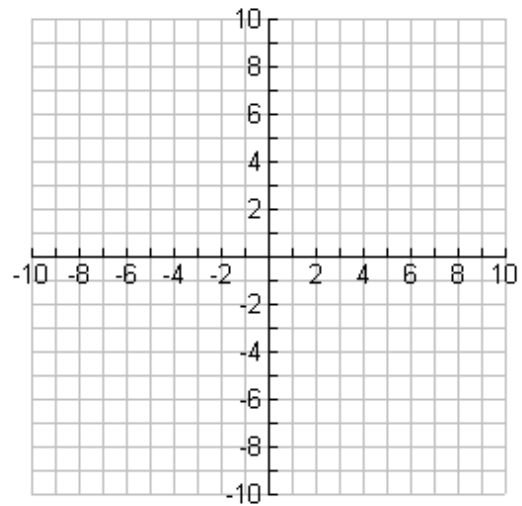
Opens:  
Stretch or shrink:

Vertex:

Axis of  
Symmetry:

y int:

x int:



**METHOD #3: USE X-INTERCEPTS AND VERTEX**

4)  $f(x) = -x^2 + 2x + 3$

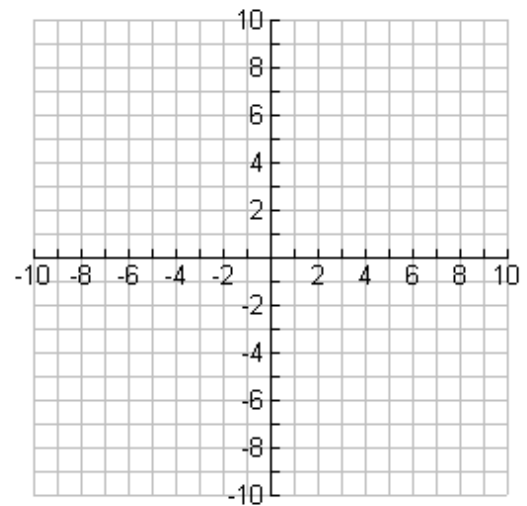
Opens:  
Stretch or shrink:

Vertex:

Axis of  
Symmetry:

y int:

x int:



**USING SYMMETRY TO FIND ADDITIONAL POINTS ON A PARABOLA**

1) Given that the vertex of a parabola is at (100, 300) and (88, 263) lies on the parabola, find an additional point lying on the parabola. Draw a sketch!

2) Vertex: (-20, 30) point: (15, 245)

3) Vertex: (-150, -30) point: (-136, -59)

